

Islamic art?

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2025 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

ISLAMIC HISTORY & CULTURE

T	IME ALLOWEI	D: THREE HOU	RS	(PART	-I MCQs) MA	AXIMUM MARI	KS: 20		
P	ART-I (MCQs)	: MAXIMUM 3	0 MINUTES	(PART	-II) MA	XIMUM MARI	KS: 80		
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken back									
	after 30	minutes.							
	(ii) Overw	riting/cutting of	the options/ans	swers will	not be given	credit.			
	(iii) There	is no negative ma	arking. All MCÇ	s must be	attempted.				
		P	ART-I (MCQs)	(COMPI	ILSORV)				
_	(i) Select the bes	-					heet.(20x1=20)		
(ii)	Answers given a	nywhere else, oth	er than OMR Ai	nswer She	et, will not be	considered.			
1.	Before Islam, w	vhich religion wa	s predominant	in the Ar	abian Peninsi	ula?			
	(A) Christianit	`	B) Judaism	` .) Polytheism	()	Zoroastrianism		
2.		llowing was the							
_		(A) Persian culture (B) Egyptian civilization (C) Christian and Jewish beliefs (D) None of these							
3.	Which is the year of the blessed birth of Prophet Muhammad (**)? (A) 570 or 571 CE (B) 575 or 576 CE (C) 590 or 591 CE (D) 595 or 596 CE								
				· /		· /	595 or 596 CE		
4.		ship of Caliph Un	nar ibn al-Knatt		_	_	nich region?		
	(A) North Afric(C) India and C	-			ne of these	zantine Empire			
5.		ollowing was a ke	y footure of the			Ilmar ihn al-Kl	attah(□)?		
J.	(A) Centralizat		y icacuic of the	(B) Intr	oduction of a i	judicial system	iaitab(\Box).		
	` /	f a standing army		(D) All		daleiai system			
6.	` /	of Caliph Umar	ibn al-Khattab	()		al institution was	s established to		
	sure the equitable	_		(=),					
	-	l-Mal (Public Tre		e Islamic	Bank (C) Th	ne Zakat Fund (D) All of these		
7.		llowing is the ma							
	Abi Talib(□)?								
	(A) Disputes or	ver differences of	belief	(B) The	assassination	of Usman bin Af	$fan(\square)$.		
\ /	Economic hards		\ /	None of t					
8.		Which of the following best describes the role of the Caliph in the Islamic State under the Prophet							
Muhammad (ﷺ) and the Pious Caliphate?									
(A) Political leader only (B) Religious leader only						1 1			
	(C) Political and religious leader with responsibilities for both governance and spiritual guidance.								
9.	(D) None of these What was the primary source of law during the time of the Prophet Muhammad (*)?								
9.		and Hadith (B) Th	U		-	()			
10.	In the context					_	*		
10.		during the battle	*	, minitual y	reader 15 min	JVII IOI IIIS SCIU	tegie brimanee		
	(A) Ali ibn Ab			(B) Abu Ubaida	nh ibn al-Jarrah(□)		
	(C) Sa'd ibn Al	` /		` .) Khalid ibn a	,	,		
11.	Which compan	ion of Prophet M	Iuhammad (ﷺ)	is known	for his role in	n collecting the (Qur'an and		
	nsmitting knowle								
	(A) Umar ibn al	-Khattab(\square) (B)	Zayd ibn Thabit	(□) (C)	Abu Hurairah((\Box) (D) Ali ibn A	Abi Talib(□)		
12.	Which of the	following events	s significantly	contribut	ed to the spi	read of Islam i	n the Arabian		
	Peninsula?								
	` /	n to Medina (B)	•		` /		/		
13.	What is the ma		of the political	system ir	the Islamic s	tate established	by the Prophet		
	Muhammad (**	·	D) M 1		(C) T1	(D)	01' 1		
1 1	(A) Democracy	'	B) Monarchy	fthe Deel	(C) Theod	racy (D)	Oligarchy		
14.	During which of (A) Umar ibn a		vas me Dome of			ik ibn Marwan			
	` /	n-Knanab(□) oin Abi Sufyan(□)	1	` .) None of the		e 1 of 2		
10	SLAMIC HIST	• ` ′		(D	, INDIE OF THE	sc <u>rage</u>	<u> </u>		
10	DEAMINE MIST	ONI & CUL	IUKE						

15. Which architectural marvel was commissioned during the Umayyad rule and is still a symbol of

(A) The Alhamra (B) The Great Mosque of Damascus (C) The Hagia Sophia (D) None of these **16.** The Umayyads made a significant contribution to Islamic coinage by introducing which feature?

17. Which ev	rent is considered the turning point in the establishment of the Abbasid Caliphate	?							
(A) The	Battle of the Zab (B) The fall of Damascus (C) The Siege of Mecca (D) None	of these							
	ajor translation movement occurred during the Abbasid period, especially in the	House of							
	in Baghdad?								
	(A) Translation of Greek and Persian philosophical texts (B) Translation of Qur'anic exegeses								
` /	(C) Translation of Hindu astronomy texts(D) None of these19. Who is considered the most famous Abbasid polymath in the field of medicine and philosophy?								
	Chwarizmi (B) Ibn Sina (Avicenna) (C) Al-Razi (Rhazes). (D) Al-Far								
\ /	asids contributed significantly to which cultural field?	201							
(A) Astr		these							
PART-II									
` ′	NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.								
(11)	Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II by selecting TWO questions from SECTION. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks.	EACH							
(iii)	All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at of	lifferent							
(111)	places.	iiiiciciit							
(iv)	Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper.								
(v)	No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answers	er Book							
	must be crossed.								
(vi)	Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered.								
	SECTION-A								
Q. No. 2.	Describe the Prophet's (**) methods to resolve the various (tribal, linguistic, political and religious, etc.) conflicts and promote peace in the Muslim society in the context of the Madani Era.	(20)							
Q. No. 3.	Explain the challenges faced by Caliph Abu Bakr (□) in consolidating Islam after the Prophet Muhammad (ﷺ) and how he overcame them?	(20)							
Q. No. 4.	What was the role of zakat (charity) in the financial system of early Islam? How was it managed by the Caliphs?	(20)							
Q. No. 5.	Examine the military organization of the Umayyads and their strategies in expanding the Islamic empire.	(20)							
SECTION-B									
Q. No. 6.	Discuss the factors that contributed to the political fragmentation of Muslim Spain. How did the Taifa Kingdoms emerge? What impact did they have on the unity of Muslim rule?	(20)							
Q. No. 7.	Discuss the origin and early development of Sufism. What were the primary factors that contributed to the emergence of Sufism in the early centuries of Islam?	(20)							
Q. No. 8.	Write short notes on the following: (10 each) (a) The relationship between Islamic Modernism and Western influence (b) The contributions of Al-Andalus in the spread of Islamic knowledge to Europe.	(20)							

(A) Arabic inscriptions on coins

(C) The inclusion of portraits on coins

(B) The use of gold as a standard currency

(D) None of these

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