

(A) A, B and D

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2025 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

Roll Number

CHEMISTRY, PAPER-II

E ALLOWED: THREE HOURS AT-I (MCQs) : MAXIMUM 30 MINUTES	(PART-I MCQs) MAXIMUM MARKS: 20 (PART-II) MAXIMUM MARKS: 80	
NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQs) on separate OMR Answer Sheet which shall be taken		
	ate OMK Answer Sheet wh	ich shan oc taken oack
	vers will not be given credit.	
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		GL (400 4 00)
) Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR	Answer Sheet, will not be con	isidered.
Which of the following is the primary site for	the digestion of carbohydrat	res?
(A) Stomach (B) Mouth	(C) Small intestine	(D) None of these
In glycolysis, the enzyme hexokinase catalyzes	the conversion of:	
(A) Glucose to glucose-6-phosphate	(B) Pyruvate to lactate	
		(D) None of these
		1 11 (D) 11 0.1
	lime (C) Clay and sodium hyo	droxide (D) None of these
	(D) C1 1 1	·•
	` ' ' '	ppectin
· · · · · · · ·	(D) None of these	
	atad by malapylas that hind to a	aita athan than tha active ai
	ated by molecules that bind to a	(D) None of these
	actromatry?	(D) None of these
•••	•	(D) None of these
		(D) None of these
		(D) None of these
` '	1200 000 2111	(B) I tone of these
	(B) SN2 reaction	
	. ,	
A molecule is chiral if:	(=) = =================================	
(A) It has at least one plane of symmetry. (B) It has	a chiral center and is non-superi	mposable on its mirror ima
(C) It rotates polarized light to the left.	•	(D) None of these
Which reaction is most likely to occur with a h	oulky base like <i>tert</i> -butoxide	?
(A) SN1 (B) SN2	(C) E2	(D) None of thes
What is the major product when ethyl acetate	is hydrolyzed under acidic o	conditions?
(A) Acetic acid and ethanol	(B) Acetaldehyde and	ethanol
(C) Acetone and ethanol	(D) None of these	
Which reaction involves the conversion of alde	ehydes into alcohols?	
	•	(D) None of thes
	` '	,
	_	(D) None of thes
	. , .	,
	-	(D) None of thes
Which of the following compounds are aromatic?		()
g . r		
/		
A	B.	
	after 30 minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answ (iii) There is no negative marking. All MCQs PART-I (MCQs) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appro) Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR Which of the following is the primary site for (A) Stomach (B) Mouth In glycolysis, the enzyme hexokinase catalyzes (A) Glucose to glucose-6-phosphate (C) Fructose-6-phosphate to fructose-1,6-bisphosphate Which of the following is a common byproduc (A) Sulfur dioxide (SO2) (B) Nitrogen oxides (NC) The raw materials for glass manufacturing ty (A) Limestone and sand (B) Sand, soda ash, and is Starch is composed of: (A) Amylose and amylopectin (C) Amylopectin and cellulose An allosteric enzyme: (A) Follows Michaelis-Menten kinetics (B) Is regul (C) Is always inhibited by competitive inhibitors What type of fragmentation occurs in mass sp (A) Homolytic cleavage (B) Heterolytic cleavage In IR spectroscopy, the fingerprint region is for (A) 4000–2500 cm ⁻¹ (B) 2500–1500 cm ⁻¹ Which of the following is stereospecific? (A) Free radical substitution (C) E2 reaction with anti-periplanar elimination A molecule is chiral if: (A) It has at least one plane of symmetry. (B) It has (C) It rotates polarized light to the left. Which reaction is most likely to occur with a left (A) SN1 (B) SN2 What is the major product when ethyl acetate (A) Acetic acid and ethanol (C) Acetone and ethanol Which compound will give a silver mirror test (A) Propanone (B) Ethanal The resonance energy of benzene is approxim. (A) 150 kJ/mol	after 30 minutes. (ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit. (iii) There is no negative marking. All MCQs must be attempted. PART-I (MCQs)(COMPULSORY) Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate Box on the OMR A Answers given anywhere else, other than OMR Answer Sheet, will not be core which of the following is the primary site for the digestion of carbohydrate (A) Stomach (B) Mouth (C) Small intestine In glycolysis, the enzyme hexokinase catalyzes the conversion of: (A) Glucose to glucose-6-phosphate (B) Pyrtuvate to lactate (C) Fructose-6-phosphate to fructose-1,6-bisphosphate (D) None of these Which of the following is a common byproduct of the cement manufacturit (A) Sulfur dioxide (SO2) (B) Nitrogen oxides (NOX) (C) Both (A) and (B) The raw materials for glass manufacturing typically include: (A) Limestone and sand (B) Sand, soda ash, and lime (C) Clay and sodium by Starch is composed of: (A) Amylose and amylopectin (B) Glycogen and amylogetin (B) Glycogen and amylogetin (D) None of these An allosteric enzyme: (A) Follows Michaelis-Menten kinetics (B) Is regulated by molecules that bind to a (C) Is always inhibited by competitive inhibitors (D) None of these An allosteric enzyme: (A) Homolytic cleavage (B) Heterolytic cleavage (C) Both (A) and (B) In IR spectroscopy, the fingerprint region is found in the range: (A) 4000–2500 cm ⁻¹ (B) 2500–1500 cm ⁻¹ 1500–600 cm ⁻¹ Which of the following is stereospecific? (A) Free radical substitution (B) SN2 reaction (C) E2 reaction with anti-periplanar elimination (D) None of these A molecule is chiral if: (A) It has at least one plane of symmetry. (B) It has a chiral center and is non-superi (C) It rotates polarized light to the left. Which reaction is most likely to occur with a bulky base like tert-butoxide (A) SN1 (B) SN2 (C) E2 What is the major product when ethyl acetate is hydrolyzed under acidic (A) Acetic acid and ethanol (B) Reduction (C) Hydrolysis Which compound will give a silver mirror test wit

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(A) Ortho-chloronitrobenzene (B) Meta-chloronitrobenzene (C) Chlorobenzene (D) None of these 18. Which type of substitution occurs predominantly in benzene? (A) Nucleophilic substitution (B) Electrophilic substitution (C) Free radical substitution (D) None of these 19. What is the main product when 1-butyne reacts with excess of HBr? (A) 1-Bromobutene (B) 1-Bromobutane (C) 2,2-Bromobutene (D) None of these 20. Which of the following has the highest dipole moment? (A) CO_2 (B) H₂O (C) CCl₄ (D) None of these **PART-II** NOTE: (i) Part-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. ALL questions carry EQUAL marks. All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different (iii) places. Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. (iv) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Book must be crossed. Extra attempt of any question or any part of the question will not be considered. (vi) (vii) Use of Calculator is allowed. O.2. Elaborate with examples that how resonance, hyperconjugation and inductive effect, can (10)(a) contribute towards the stability of carbocations. How 'dipole moment' can be measured? Indicate, among the following molecules which does (10)(a) not have dipole moment and why? i. CCl₄ ii. BF₃ iii. CH_4 NH3 iv. Q.3. (a) How does the reaction mechanism work for the electrophilic addition of bromine to ethene? (10)Explain the intermediate (s). Describe the IUPAC rules for naming alkenes and alkynes with appropriate examples. **(b)** (10)Q.4. Categorize benzene substituents, into activating and deactivating groups. Explain their (12)influence on *ortho*, para and meta orientation of incoming groups in electrophilic substitution How did Kekulé propose the benzene structure, and what evidence supported his model? **(8)** Compare the reactivity of acid halides, anhydrides, esters, and amides toward nucleophilic O.5. (10)substitution. What kind of products do you expect when these react with Grignard reagent (RMgX)? Explain the reaction mechanism of Williamson synthesis to prepare ethers. **(b) (5)** Discuss the acidic nature of phenols. Why picric acid (C₆H₃N₃O₇) is considered strong acid? **(5)** Q.6. Given below is the structure of (1R, 2S, 5R) menthol. Draw the structures of all possible (a) **(8)** stereoisomers of menthol. How does Hofmann's rule differ from Zaitsev's rule? Explain each with suitable example. **(6)** Describe the main components of a UV/Visible spectrophotometer and their functions. (c) **(6)** Q.7. (a) Write a comprehensive note on primary, secondary, tertiary, and quaternary structures of (10)proteins. Write a note on enzyme catalysis and enzyme inhibition. (10)**(b)** Q.8. Outline the steps of the Krebs cycle, and explain its role in cellular respiration. Describe the environmental impact of the manufacturing industry of sugar, cement, glass, paper and fertilizers. How these industries can address environmental concerns?

17. What is the main product when nitrobenzene reacts with chlorine in the presence of AlCl₃?