INTERNATIONAL LAW

I. Nature, Origin and Basis of International Law:

- The Emergence of International Law
- Early European Authors
- The Nation-State System
- The Enforcement of International Law
- The Effectiveness of International Law
- The Weakness of International Law
- The Juridical Basis of International law
- The Future of International law
- Material Sources of International Law

II. Relation between International Law and State Law:

- Article 38 of the Statute of International Court of Justice
- Primary Sources of International Law
- Subsidiary Sources of International Law
- International Soft Law

III. State in General and Recognition:

- Personality and Statehood in International Law
- The Subjects of International Law
- Recognition of State and Government in International Law
- Recognition of State and Government in National Law

IV. The Law and Practice as to Treaties:

• The Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties

V. The Settlement of International Disputes:

- Negotiation, Mediation and Good Offices
- Inquiry & Settlement by the United Nations
- Conciliation, Arbitration
- The International Court of Justice

VI. International Humanitarian Law:

- International and Non-International Armed Conflicts
- 'Combatant' and 'Protected Persons'
- Protection of Wounded, Sick and Ship-Wrecked Persons
- POWs
- Civilians
- Limitations on the Conduct of War
- Limits on the Choice of Methods & Means of Warfare.

VII. The Use of Force:

- The Law before the UN Charter
- The Law after the Charter
- The Collective Use of Force
- The Right of Self-Defense

VIII. International Institutions

- IX. State Territorial Sovereignty
- X. State Responsibility
- XI. State Jurisdiction
- XII. Succession to Rights and Obligations
- XIII. The State and the Individual
- XIV. The State and the Economic Interest
- XV. Diplomatic Envoys, Counsels and other Representatives
- XVI. War, Armed Conflicts and other Hostilities
- XVII. Neutrality