

(xii)

a case the contract is:

(a) Void

## FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2010

Roll Number

## MERCANTILE LAW

9		MERCANTILE LAW					
	ALLOWED:	(PART-I)	30 MINUTES	0 MINUTES		IMUM MARKS:20	
1 11/11/2 /	TELOWED.	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES		MAX	IMUM MARKS:80	
NOTI	after	30 minutes.	T-I (MCQ) on sepa				
			<u>PART – I</u> (COMPUI				
Q.1.	Select the be	est option/ans	swer and fill in the	appropriate b	oox on the A	nswer Sheet.	
(i)	A signs pron	nissory instrui	ment in the followin	g terms:			
	(a) Mr. B l	I.O.U. Rs.100	0				
	(b) I promi	ise to pay Rs.	500 seven days afte	r my marriage	with C		
						l, for value received	
	(d) I promi	ise to pay Rs.	500 to B and to deli	ver my black h	orse on 1st J	anuary next	
	(e) None o	of these					
(ii)			re to a "Promissory i				
			es to a "Promissory				
			s to a "Promissory n				
			a "Promissory note				
	(d) There are two parties to a "Promissory note and three to a bill of exchange"						
	(e) None of these						
(iii)			B, amount is stated			n words:	
			words shall be the a				
			figures shall be the				
			turned to the bearer	by the banker	for correctio	n by the drawer	
	(d) None o				_		
(iv)		nt to an agree	ement is caused by o	coersion, fraud	or mis-repre	esentation, the agree	
	1S:					/1 \	
	(a) valid	1	C 1			(b) void	
			n of a party whose c	onsent was so	caused	(d) partially void	
( )	(e) None o						
(v)	A voidable c			(la) Doutl	rr rrollid o omo		
	(a) An ille (c) void ab	gal agreement	<b>L</b>		ly valid agree e of these	ement	
(wi)	\ /		ha fallowing rights:	(u) Non	e of these		
(vi)	A minor in a firm enjoys the following rights:  (a) He may be admitted to the benefits of partnership						
	(b) He cannot have access to and inspect and copy any of the accounts of the firm						
	(c) None of		ss to and inspect and	i copy any or t	ne accounts	of the fifth	
(vii)	\ /		of a company limit	ed by chares is	to be treated	l like a:	
	(a) Cheque		) negotiable instrun	•		(d) None of these	
(viii) (ix) (x) (xi)			incorporated by:	ient (e) Biii	or Exendinge	(d) None of these	
	(a) 2 persons		a) 3 persons	(c) 7 per	rsons	(d) None of these	
		npany must h		(c) / per	150115	(a) I tone of these	
	(a) 5 persons		) 7 persons	(c) 9 per	rsons	(d) None of these	
			have more than:	(c) > per		(3) 1.0110 01 111000	
	(a) 20 memb		) 30 members	(c) 50 m	nembers	(d) None of these	
	\ /		9) Sup Ct US 4 whe	\ /		(1)	
( )	(a) Counter		) Implied acceptance			tance (d) None of t	
(xii)	( /			· /		iage A goes mad In	

A and B contract to marry each other. Before the time fixed for the marriage A goes mad. In such

(c) Valid

(b) Voidable

(d) None of these

## MERCANTILE LAW The maxim of Caveat Emptor in a contract of sale means: (a) The seller guarantees the quality or fitness for any particular purpose supplied (b) The buyer himself takes the risk as to the quality and condition of the goods (c) There is an implied condition that the buyer can repudiate the contract at his option (d) None of these A agrees to sell to B ""a hundred tons of oil"—the agreement is: (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Voidable (e) None of these (d) Partially valid An agreement entered into before marriage between a Muslim wife and husband that the wife shall be at liberty to live with her parents after marriage is: (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Voidable at the option of husband (d) None of these (xvi) A promises to obtain for B an employment in the Public Service and promises to pay rupees 1000 to A. The agreement is: (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Voidable (d) None of these (xvii) A void contract is: (a) An illegal agreement (b) Partly valid agreement (c) Ceased to be a valid agreement (d) None of these (xviii) An agreement to pay one hundred rupees to a holy man for prayers for the success of a suit in a court is: (a) Valid (b) Void (c) Voidable (d) Partially Valid (e) None of these (xix) A, for natural love and affection, promises to give his son B, Rs.100,000, and puts his promise to B into writing and registers it. Will the contract be: (b) Void (c) Partially Valid (d) None of these (a) Valid A contract B to sell his horse for Rs.500 by 10<sup>th</sup> January 2010. The horse so contracted dies on 8<sup>th</sup> (xx)January 2010. The contract is:

PART – II

(c) B can sue A for compensation

NOTE:
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(e) None of these

(b) Void

(a) Valid

(d) A is liable for damages

Q.2. What is the difference between Memorandum and Articles of Association of a Company? Is it essential to register the Articles of Association signed by the Subscribers to the Memorandum? What is the alternative if these are not registered? (20)

Q.3. Loans by a Company Limited by shares, other than a Private Company, on the security of its own shares to a person to enable him to purchase its own shares is strictly prohibited. What are its exceptions? What action can be taken in case of a contravention? (20)

Q.4. (a) What do you understand by the expression Caveat-emptor? (10)

(b) Define a "Warranty" and distinguish it from a "Condition" with reference to a contract of the Sale of Goods Act. (10)

Q.5. Define "Dissolution of a firm". Explain various modes of the dissolution of a firm. (20)

Q.6. State the rules for determining partner's mutual relations. Explain fully. (20)

Q.7. What are void and voidable Agreements? State fully, quoting law. (20)

Q.8. Define and explain "Consent" and ""Free Consent". Is it essential for validity of a contract that the consent should be free? What do you mean by "the parties ad idem"? (20)

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