

## FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2010

## PHYSICS, PAPER-II

 TIME ALLOWED:
 (PART-I)
 30 MINUTES
 MAXIMUM MARKS:20

 (PART-II)
 2 HOURS & 30 MINUTES
 MAXIMUM MARKS:80

NOTE: (i) First attempt PART-I (MCQ) on separate Answer Sheet which shall be taken back

after 30 minutes.

(ii) Overwriting/cutting of the options/answers will not be given credit.

(iii) Use of Scientific Calculator is allowed.

## <u>PART – I (MCQ)</u> (COMPULSORY)

| Q.1.      | Select the best option/answer and fill in the appropriate box on the Answer Sheet. (20) |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|-----------|---|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------------------|--------|---------------------|
| (i)       | A Watt – sec is a unit of:  |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           |   | Energy                                | (c)            | Power                     | (d)    | None of these       |
| (ii)      | The direction of any magne  |                                       |                |                           |        | ne effect. This is: |
|           | (a) Coulumb's Law (b)   |                                       | (c)            | Lenz's Law                | (d)    | None of these       |
| (iii)     | A magnetic field cannot:  | F                                     | (-)            |                           | ()     |                     |
| ()        | (a) accelerate a charge   |                                       | (b)            | Exert a force on a        | charg  | 7e                  |
|           | (c) change the kinetic en   | ergy of a charge                      | (d)            | None of these             | entarg | ,•                  |
| (iv)      | The inverse of resistivity is   |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
| (17)      |   | ohm-metre                             | (c)            | (ohm-meter) <sup>-1</sup> | (d)    | None of these       |
| (v)       | An LRC Circuit has $R = 4\Omega$  |                                       |                |                           |        | i tone of these     |
| (•)       |   | $7 \Omega$                            | (c)            | $13 \Omega$               | (d)    | None of these       |
| (vi)      | A "step-down" transformer   |                                       | (0)            | 15 32                     | (u)    | None of these       |
| (VI)      | (a) increase the power (b)  |                                       | (a)            | Increase the voltage      | (4)    | None of these       |
| (vii)     | Electrical potential is the p   |                                       | $(\mathbf{c})$ | increase the voltage      | (u)    | None of these       |
| (VII)     |   | Voltage                               | (c)            | Force                     | (4)    | None of these       |
| (         | (a) Charge (b)<br>The force on a charge mov   |                                       |                |                           | (d)    | None of these       |
| (viii)    |   | F = (qv x B)                          |                |                           |        | No. of the sec      |
| $(\cdot)$ |   |                                       |                | F = (qv + B)              | (d)    | None of these       |
| (ix)      | A changing current "i" in a   |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
| ( )       |   | $E = i d\Phi/dt$                      | (c)            | e = -L di/dt              | (d)    | None of these       |
| (x)       | Inductive reactance of an in  |                                       |                | ÷ 11/1.                   | (1)    |                     |
|           |   | $X_L = \omega/L$                      | (c)            | e = -L di/dt              | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xi)      | The resonant frequency of   |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           |   | $f = 1 / 2\Pi \sqrt{LC}$              |                | f = 1/2LC                 | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xii)     | The deliberate addition of a  |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           | (a) doping (b)  |                                       | (c)            | mixing                    | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xiii)    | The conversion of AC into   |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           |   | rectification                         | (c)            | modulation                | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xiv)     | The Laser light is:   |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           |   | coloured                              | (c)            | chromatic                 | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xv)      | The Laser light may be obt  |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           |   | NaCl crystal                          | (c)            | ruby crystal              | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xvi)     | The emission of photoelect  |                                       |                |                           |        |                     |
|           | (a) threshold frequency   |                                       |                | Nature of metal           | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xvii)    | Which one of the following  | g is NOT needed in Nuc                | lear F         | Fission reactor:          |        |                     |
|           | (a) fuel (b)  | accelerator                           | (c)            | moderator                 | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xviii)   | The half life of a radioactiv   | ve isotope is 140 days. H             | low n          | nany days would it        | take t | o loose 3/4 of its  |
|           | initial activities:   | 1 2                                   |                |                           |        |                     |
|           | (a) 105 days (b)  | 280 days                              | (c)            | 35 days                   | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xix)     | Most of the energy produce  |                                       | ( )            | 5                         |        |                     |
|           |   | Chemical reaction                     | (c)            | Nuclear Fission           | (d)    | None of these       |
| (xx)      | A U-235 nucleus will split  |                                       | (-)            |                           | ()     |                     |
| ()        |   | e.m. radiation                        | (c)            | neutron                   | (d)    | None of these       |
|           |   | • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | (0)            |                           | (•)    | i telle of these    |
|           |   |                                       |                |                           |        | D 1 . f 2           |

Page 1 of 2

Roll Number

## <u>PART – II</u>

| NOTE:                  | <ul> <li>(i) PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book.</li> <li>(ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks.</li> <li>(iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.</li> <li>(iv) Use of Scientific calculator is allowed.</li> </ul>  |  |  |  |  |  |
|------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| <b>Q.2.</b> (a) (b)    | State and prove Gauss's Law in electrostatics and express the law in differential forms.       (14)         Find the electric intensity at a point outside a volume distribution of charge confined into a spherical region of radius R.       (06)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Q.3.</b> (a) (b)    | State and explain Ampere's Law. Derive an expression for the value of 'B' inside a solenoid.<br>(14)<br>A thin 10 cms long solenoid has a total of 400 turns of wire and carries a current of 0.20 amp.<br>Calculate the field inside near the centre. $\left(\text{Given } \mu = 12.57 \times 10^{-7} \text{ T} - \text{m/A}\right)$ (06)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q.4. (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) | How a Semi Conductor diode is used as a half wave and full wave rectifier?(08)What are the transistors? Give Construction and Symbol of PNP and NPN transistor.(07)The resistivity of a metal increases with increase in temperature while that of a semi conductor decreases. Explain.(05)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Q.5.</b> (a) (b)    | Discuss briefly the wave nature of matter and obtain an expression of de Broglie's wavelength<br>for matter waves. (14)<br>Calculate the de Broglie's wavelength of a 0.20kg ball moving with a speed of 15 m/s. (06)   |  |  |  |  |  |
| <b>Q.6.</b> (a) (b)    | Derive Einstein's photoelectric effect on the basis of quantum theory and derive Einstein's photoelectric equations. (14)<br>Calculate the work function of Na in electron-volts, given that the threshold wavelength is 6800 $A^{\circ}$ and $h = 6.625 \times 10^{-34}$ J-S (06)  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q.7. (a)<br>(b)<br>(c) | Define the terms decay constant, half life and average life as applied to a radioactive substance<br>Find the relation between them. (11)<br>The half life of Radium is 1590 years. In how many years will one gm of pure element (a)loos<br>one centigram and (b)be reduced to one centigram. (07)<br>When a nucleus emits a $\gamma$ – ray photon, what happens to its atomic number and its actual<br>mass. (02) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Q.8.                   | Write notes on ANY TWO of the following:(20)(a) Self and Mutual Inductance(b) Pauli's Exclusion Principle(c) Compton Scattering   |  |  |  |  |  |
| ******                 |   |  |  |  |  |  |