

ECONOMICS, PAPER-I

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(xv)	The fiscal policy with a deliberate policy action is:		
	(a) Expansionary fiscal policy	(b) Concretionary fiscal policy	
	(c) Discretionary fiscal policy	(d) All of these	
(xvi)	Trade based on absolute advantage was presented by:		
	(a) Alfred Marshall	(b) Adam Smith	
	(c) Lionel Robbins	(d) None of these	
(xvii)	According to Keynes, the relationship between money supply and rate of interest is:		
	(a) Negative	(b) Positive	
	(c) Indirect	(d) None of these	
(xviii)	An object that is generally accepted in exchan		
	(a) Standardized money	(b) Medium of exchange	
	(c) Unit of account	(d) All of these	
(xix)			
	(a) Capital account	(b) Current account	
	(c) Official Reserve account	(d) None of these	
(xx)	The difference between exports and imports of		
	(a) Budget surplus	(b) Balanced budget	
	(c) Balance of trade	(d) Both (a) and (c)	
<u>PART – II</u>			
NOTE:	 (ii) Attempt ONLY FOUR questions from PART-II. All questions carry EQUAL marks. (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered. 		
Q.2.	What is Consumer's Equilibrium? How a consumer can be in equilibrium under Ordinal Approach? (20)		
Q.3.	How is a firm's demand curve for a particular variable factor input constructed when there is (i) only one variable input, (ii) two variable inputs in the productivity process? (20)		
Q.4.	What is National Income? Define and explain different concepts of National Income. (20)		
Q.5.	What is the equation of exchange and the velocity of circulation? What assumptions are necessary to make the equation of exchange the quantity theory of money? (20)		
Q.6.	Differentiate Balance of Payments and Balance of Trade. What are the transactions that are recorded in the current account and the capital account? (20)		
Q.7.	Explain the theory of comparative cost by David Ricardo. (2		(20)
Q.8.	Define the concept and methods of deficit financing. What are the reasons for deficit financing in Pakistan? (20)		
